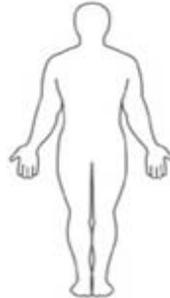


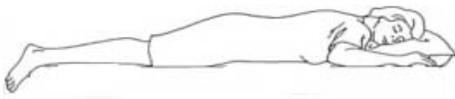
Terminology Honors Anatomy

Body Postions

- The reference point used to determine the body's position, in which the body is standing erect, face forward, arms at sides, and palms and toes directed forward is called _____
_____.

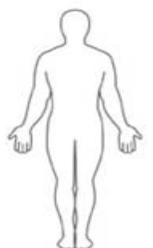
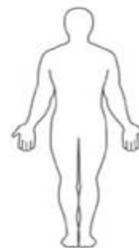
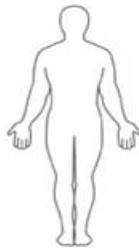
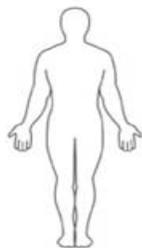
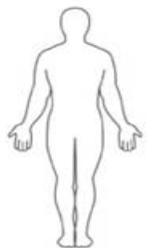
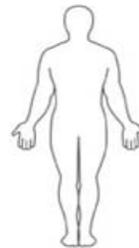
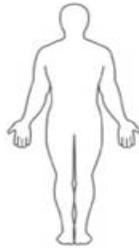
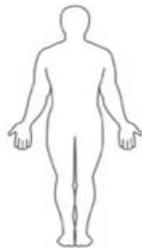


Label the diagram that is supine and the diagram that is prone.



Directional Terms

Using the list below, draw and label the directional terms on the body's. Be sure to correctly pair the directional terms.



Anterior
Deep
Distal

Inferior
Lateral
Medial

Posterior
Proximal
Superficial

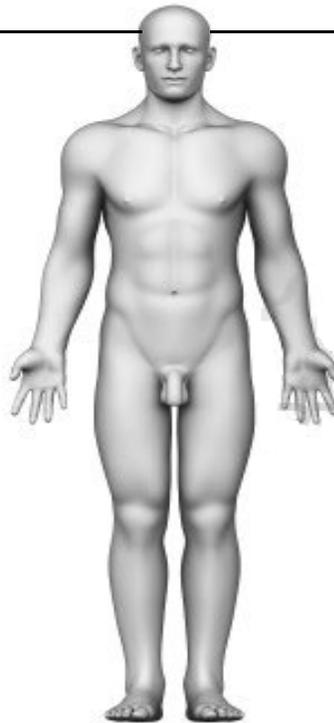
Superior

Label the diagram that is the axial division of the body and the appendicular division of the body.



Using the list, label the terms of body parts on the diagram below. On the left side of the diagram, use the anatomical terms for body parts and on the right side of the diagram use the common names.

Cephalic ————— Head



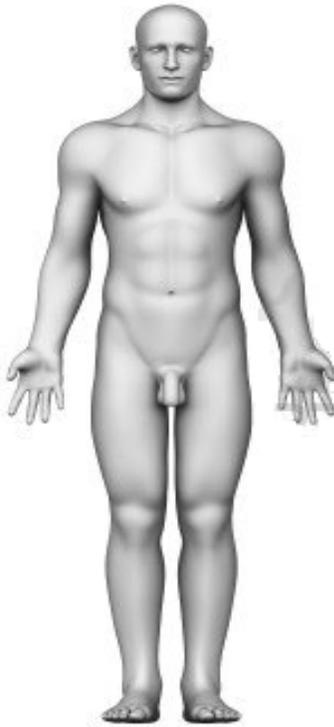
Antebrachial

Brachial

Crural

Femoral

Using the list, label the terms of body parts on the diagram below. On the left side of the diagram, use the anatomical terms for body parts and on the right side of the diagram use the common names.



Acromial
Carpal

Cervical
Coxal

Pectoral
Pedal

Sternal
Tarsal

Umbilical

Using the list, label the terms of body parts on the diagram below. On the left side of the diagram, use the anatomical terms for body parts and on the right side of the diagram use the common names.



Cranial
Dorsum

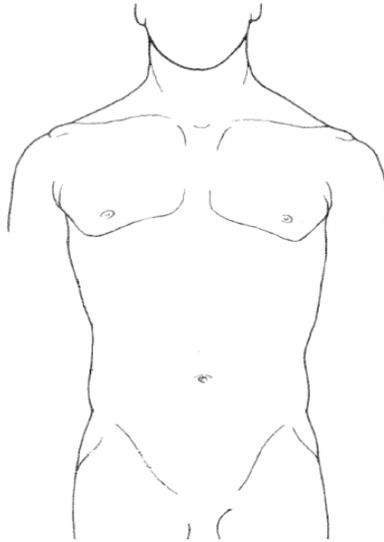
Gluteal

Lumbar

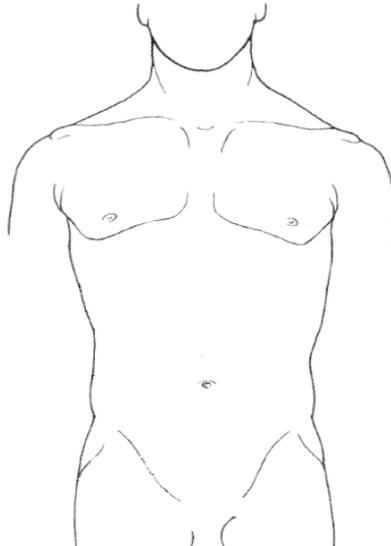
Sacral

Vertebral

Draw and label the 4 quadrants of the human body



Draw and label the 9 regions of the human body



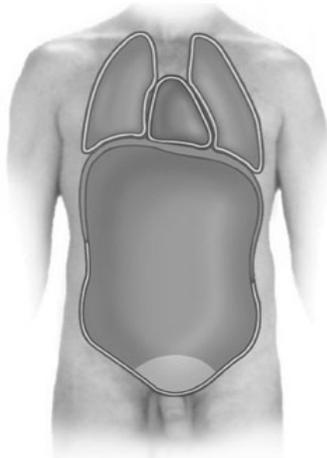
Draw and label the 3 body planes. Draw only one body plane for each figure.



On the diagram below, label the thoracic and abdominopelvic cavities.



On the left diagram, label the subdivisions of the thoracic cavity- the mediastinum, pericardial and pleural cavities. On the right diagram, label the subdivisions of the abdominopelvic cavities- abdominal and pelvic cavities.



Thoracic Cavity



Abdominopelvic Cavity

1. The major organ found within the pericardial cavity is the _____.
2. The major organ found within the pleural cavity are the _____.
3. List 3 organs found in the peritoneal cavity.

Serous Membranes

1. List the 4 parts of a serous membrane.
 - a. The inner serous membrane that actually covers and touches the organ is called the _____.
 - b. The outer serous membrane that lines the cavity walls is called the _____.
 - c. List 2 functions of serous fluid.